

Prospectus

The shares or units of the UCITS mentioned herein (“the UCITS”) have not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly in the United States of America (including its territories and possessions), to US persons, as defined in Regulation S (“US persons”).

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1. General characteristics

Name:

GROUPAMA GLOBAL INFLATION LINKED

Legal form and Member State in which the UCITS was incorporated:

French mutual fund (Fonds Commun de Placement – FCP).

Inception date and expected term:

This UCITS was initially formed on 26 January 2006 for a 99-year term.

Summary of the management offer:

Units	ISIN code	Eligible subscribers	Allocation of distributable income	Base currency	Minimum initial subscription amount	Initial net asset value
GA unit	FR0010892109	Reserved for companies, subsidiaries and regional mutuals of Groupama Assurances Mutuelles	Accumulation and/or distribution and/or carried forward	Euro	€300,000	€10,000
IC unit(2)	FR0010696583	Reserved for institutional investors	Accumulation	Euro	One-thousandth of a unit	€10,000
NC unit	FR0010696617	All subscribers	Accumulation	Euro	One unit	€500
OAA unit	FR001400LLA3	Reserved for UCIs and mandates managed by Groupama Asset Management or its subsidiaries that are part of the Oxygène range	Accumulation and/or distribution and/or carried forward	Euro	One-thousandth of a unit	€1,000
OSA unit	FR001400AGR0	Reserved for UCIs and mandates managed by Groupama Asset Management or its subsidiaries, and belonging to the Opale range	Accumulation and/or distribution and/or carried forward	Euro	One-thousandth of a unit	€1,000
RC unit	FR0013269719	Reserved for investors subscribing via distributors or intermediaries that provide advisory services (within the meaning of the MiFID II European regulation) or individual portfolio management services under mandate, and that are exclusively remunerated by their clients	Accumulation	Euro	One-thousandth of a unit	€500
ZA unit(1)	FR0010263533	Reserved for institutional investors, in particular insurance companies marketing life insurance contracts	Accumulation and/or distribution and/or carried forward	Euro	One-thousandth of a unit	€1,000
ZC unit	FR0013045317	Reserved for institutional investors, in particular insurance companies marketing life insurance contracts	Accumulation	Euro	One-thousandth of a unit	€1,000

(1) Including all unitholders who subscribed to the Fund before the unit classes were created.

(2) Comprising all unitholders who subscribed to the UCITS before 09/12/2016

Address from which the Fund's regulations (if not attached) and the latest annual report and latest financial statement may be obtained:

Unitholders will be sent the latest annual documents and the breakdown of the assets within eight business days of sending a written request to:

Groupama Asset Management, 25 rue de la Ville-l'Évêque, 75008 Paris, France.

The documents are also available on the company's website at www.groupama-am.com.

Contact details:

For corporate and institutional investors: Groupama Asset Management's Business Development Department (Sales office: +33 (0)1 44 56 76 76).

For individual investors: your marketing agent (GROUPAMA ASSURANCES MUTUELLES' distribution networks; external distributors approved by Groupama Asset Management).

Additional information, if required, may be obtained from Groupama Asset Management's Business Development Department (Sales office: +33 (0)1 44 56 76 76).

2. Parties concerned

Management Company

Groupama Asset Management (Société Anonyme – public limited company), 25 rue de la Ville-l'Évêque, 75008 Paris, France, a Portfolio Management Company authorised by the Commission des opérations de bourse, now the Autorité des marchés financiers (French financial markets authority – AMF), under number GP 93-02 on 5 January 1993.

GROUPAMA GLOBAL INFLATION LINKED – Prospectus – Publication Date: 01/01/2026

Conflict of interest management policy:

In order to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest that result from delegations, the Management Company has implemented a conflict of interest management policy available on request from your usual advisor or on the Management Company's website www.groupama-am.com

Custodian – Transfer agent

CACEIS BANK, a société anonyme (public limited company) and credit institution authorised by the CECEI (now the ACPR (Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution – French Prudential Supervisory and Resolution Authority)) on 1 April 2005, whose registered office is at 89–91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge, France.

The custodian's duties, as defined by the applicable regulations, include keeping custody of the assets, checking that the management company's decisions are lawful and monitoring the UCI's cash flows.

The custodian is independent of the management company.

The description of the delegated custodial duties, the list of representatives and sub-representatives of CACEIS Bank and information relating to conflicts of interest that may result from these delegations are available on the CACEIS website: www.caceis.com.

Updated information is made available to investors.

Clearing house for subscriptions/redemptions:

- **Groupama Asset Management**, for pure registered units.

Following collection of these orders, Groupama Asset Management will forward them to CACEIS Bank in its capacity as an affiliate of Euroclear France.

- **CACEIS Bank**, by delegation of the management company, for bearer or administered registered units.

Institution appointed to receive subscriptions and redemptions, and responsible for compliance with the clearing deadlines indicated in the prospectus, by delegation of the management company

CACEIS BANK

Fund accounting:

CACEIS Bank is responsible for the UCI's fund accounting, which includes the clearance of subscription and redemption orders for units of the UCI. It will process these orders in partnership with Euroclear France, with which the UCI is listed, and manage the UCI's unit issuance account for bearer or administered registered units.

Statutory auditor

Deloitte & Associés – 6 Place de la Pyramide, 92909 Paris-La-Défense, France.

Accounting manager:

CACEIS FUND ADMINISTRATION, 89–91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge, France, a credit institution authorised by the CECEI (now the ACPR) on 1 April 2005.

3. Operating and management principles

3.1 General characteristics

Characteristics of units:

- Type of right attached to the unit class:
Each unitholder has a shared ownership right in the UCITS' assets in proportion to the number of units held.
- Shareholder register and fund accounting:
Fund accounting is provided by the custodian CACEIS Bank.
Unit administration is performed by Euroclear France.
- Voting rights:
No voting rights are attached to the units, as decisions are made by the management company.
- Types of units:
Units are registered and/or bearer units.
- Fractioning:
Units may be subscribed or redeemed:
 - o in exact amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit for ZC and ZA units.
 - o in exact amounts or in thousandths of a unit for IC, NC, GA, OSA, OAA and RC units.

Financial year-end:

- The last Paris Stock Exchange trading day in March.
- The first financial year end was the last Paris Stock Exchange trading day in March 2007.

Tax system:

- The UCITS is not subject to corporation tax. In accordance with the principle of transparency, the tax authorities consider the unitholder to be the direct owner of a proportion of the financial instruments and cash held in the UCITS.
- The tax treatment of any capital gains or income from holding UCITS units depends on tax provisions specific to the investor's own particular circumstances and/or on the tax provisions in the country where the unitholder resides. We recommend that you seek advice on this matter from your financial advisor.
 - o The French tax system considers a switch from one unit class to another unit class to be a sale subject to capital gains tax.

3.2 Special provisions

ISIN codes:

GA unit:	FR0010892109
IC unit:	FR0010696583
NC unit:	FR0010696617
OAA unit:	FR001400LLA3
OSA unit:	FR001400AGR0
RC unit:	FR0013269719
ZA unit:	FR0010263533
ZC unit:	FR0013045317

AMF classification: Bonds and other international debt securities

SFDR classification:

This UCI is a financial product that promotes environmental, social or governance characteristics, or a combination of these characteristics, in accordance with Article 8 of the SFDR.

Investment in UCIs: up to 10% of net assets.

Management objective:

The management objective is to outperform its benchmark, the Bloomberg Global Inflation Linked (hedged in euro, net coupons reinvested), over the recommended investment period of more than three years. To do this, the fund manager may use active management to trade mainly in inflation-linked bonds that fulfil environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria.

Benchmark index:

The benchmark index is the Bloomberg Global Inflation Linked Total Return index (euro hedged), net coupons reinvested. The Bloomberg Global Inflation Linked Total Return index is a euro-hedged sovereign investment-grade index offering maturities of over one year and grouping together issues from OECD countries.

This index is only a point of reference, although the Fund manager seeks to maintain a significant correlation to it. The behavioural profiles of the portfolio and the index are generally similar.

Investment strategy:

- Description of the strategies used

Strategy for the UCITS:

The main sources of performance come from active management (as opposed to index tracking):

- of the overall sensitivity to actual rates;
- of the distribution of sensitivity over various segments of the yield curve;
- of the distribution of sensitivity across various types of indexed debt and across various inflation vehicles (French, European, American, British inflation etc.).

UCITS sensitivity range and geographical area of issuers:

Interest rate sensitivity range within which the Fund is managed	Between 5 and 15	
Geographical area of issuers of securities or underlying assets of securitisation products*	All geographical areas	[0% – 110%]
Currency of securities*	All currencies	[0% – 110%]
Exchange rate risk	[0% – 10%]	

*excluding exposure via derivatives

- Portfolio composition strategy:

The investment strategy of the Fund is based on several approaches:

- Country allocation and directional bias to rates: managing the country allocation and the portfolio's sensitivity allows for positioning on the real yield curves of the different countries in the investment universe, based on the central macroeconomic scenario and flow and valuation elements. Depending on their rate change forecasts, the fund manager may take long or short positions on rates and spreads between countries.

- Stock-picking: the portfolio is optimised in terms of issuer (government, agencies, supranational entities etc.) and stock selection.
- Diversification of the portfolio via interest rate derivatives or inflation derivatives, nominal bonds, currencies and bonds issued by non-benchmark index countries in local currencies or hard currencies.

Integration of ESG criteria:

The UCITS promotes environmental and social characteristics via a management approach that promotes the sustainability of issuers through an analysis of the environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria of the securities held in the portfolio. With this in mind, the UCITS implements a best-in-universe approach. Various indicators are used to analyse ESG criteria, including:

- Environment: biodiversity, waste management etc.;
- Social: employee training, supplier relations etc.;
- Governance: board independence, executive compensation policy etc.

The selection within the eligible ESG investment universe is specified upstream, according to the following criteria:

- Exclusion of securities belonging to the “Major ESG Risks” list: Groupama Asset Management tracks a list of securities considered to carry significant ESG risks (the “Major ESG Risks” list). These are companies whose ESG risks could call into question their economic and financial viability or could have a significant impact on the value of the company and thus lead to a substantial loss in market value or a significant downgrade by rating agencies.
- Exclusion of sectors deemed to be incompatible with Groupama Asset Management’s engagement policy: companies known to be involved in controversial weapons activities (cluster bombs and anti-personnel mines) are excluded from the Fund’s investment scope.
- Application of Groupama Asset Management’s Fossil fuel policy: exclusion of companies involved in coal mining and coal-related energy production, and non-reinvestment in unconventional fossil fuels (UFF).
- The UCI must have a higher average ESG score than its investment universe.

The process of selecting securities in the portfolio must result in a minimum screening and monitoring rate of 90% of the portfolio’s ESG ratings, excluding cash and money market UCIs.

Integration of the EU Taxonomy:

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (the “EU Taxonomy” or the “Taxonomy Regulation”) aims to identify environmentally sustainable economic activities. It identifies these activities based on their contribution to six main environmental objectives:

- climate change mitigation,
- climate change adaptation,
- the sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources,
- the transition to a circular economy (waste, reduction and recycling),
- pollution prevention and mitigation, and
- the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems.

To be considered as sustainable, an economic activity must demonstrate that it makes a substantial contribution to achieving one of the six objectives, without prejudice to any of the other five (the “Do No Significant Harm” principle, hereinafter the “DNSH” principle). The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. For an activity to be considered aligned with the EU Taxonomy, it must also uphold the human and social rights enshrined in international law.

In its investment decisions, the management team shall endeavour to take into account the European Union’s criteria for economic activities considered to be environmentally sustainable under the Taxonomy Regulation (EU) 2020/852. Based on the issuer data currently available, the minimum proportion of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 0%.

The underlying investments of the remaining portion of this financial product do not take account of the European Union’s criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Management style:

The UCITS adopts an active management style aimed at outperforming its benchmark.

- Assets, excluding embedded derivatives

Debt securities and money-market instruments:

- Legal form of the instruments used:
The portfolio invests up to 110% of its net assets in debt securities and money-market instruments.
A minimum of 50% of the UCITS’ net assets is composed of inflation-indexed bonds.
- Breakdown of private/public debt:
At least 75% of the UCITS’ net assets are invested in government or quasi-government securities (with explicit government backing).

The portion of private securities will account for a maximum of 25% of net assets.

- Rating-based selection criteria:
At least 75% of the UCITS’ net assets are invested in securities with an investment grade rating (securities with a rating higher than or equal to BBB- according to the Standard & Poor’s scale or a rating deemed equivalent by the management company).

The Fund may invest in high-yield speculative securities, which have a rating strictly below BBB- (according to the Standard & Poor’s scale or a rating deemed equivalent according to the management company’s analysis). These high-yield securities may not exceed 25% of the net assets in total.

The Fund manager relies on their own analysis of the credit risk of the selected instruments, which may be based on the internal credit analysis team's expertise in evaluating the risk of issuers in the portfolio, and on credit ratings issued by external entities.

If an issuer in the portfolio is downgraded, causing the ratio of high-yield speculative securities to be exceeded, the excess securities held in the portfolio may continue to be held as long as they remain present in the index. If they are removed from the index, they must be transferred within a reasonable time frame (30 calendar days) in the interest of unitholders.

- Term:
The duration of the selected securities must ensure that the UCITS' overall sensitivity is maintained between 5 and 15.
- Holding of units or shares of foreign UCITS, AIFs or investment funds:
The UCITS may hold up to 10% of its net assets in units or shares of foreign UCITS, AIFs or investment funds.

Money market UCIs will be used to optimise the Fund's cash management.

The UCIs may be those managed directly or indirectly by Groupama Asset Management.

External UCIs will be subject to a detailed review of their management procedures, performance, risk and any other qualitative or quantitative criteria that may allow the quality of management to be assessed in the short, medium and long term.

- Derivative instruments and securities with embedded derivatives

The use of derivatives and securities with embedded derivatives is authorised subject to a maximum commitment of 100% of the Fund's net assets and therefore has an impact on both the performance and the investment risk of the portfolio. The strategy for the use of securities with embedded derivatives is the same as that described for derivative instruments.

The Fund manager may trade in the derivative instruments described in the table below:

Risks in which the fund manager intends to trade		Types of markets targeted			Types of trades			
		Regulated	Organised	Over the counter	Hedging	Exposure	Arbitrage	Other
Equity								
Interest rate	x							
Foreign exchange	x							
Credit	x							
Derivative instruments used								
Futures								
- Equity								
- Interest rate		x	x	x	x	x	x	
- Currency		x	x	x	x	x	x	
Options								
- Equity								
- Interest rate		x	x		x	x	x	
- Foreign exchange		x	x		x	x	x	
Swaps								
- Equity								
- Interest rate				x	x	x	x	
- Inflation				x	x	x	x	
- Foreign exchange				x	x	x	x	
- Total Return Swap				x	x	x	x	
Forward currency contracts								
- Forward currency contracts				x	x	x	x	
- NDFs (Non-deliverable forwards)				x	x	x	x	
Credit derivatives								
- Single-entirety credit default swaps and basket default swap(s)				x	x	x	x	
- Indices				x	x	x	x	
- Index options				x	x	x	x	
- Structuring for basket credit derivatives (CDO tranches, iTraxx tranches, FTD, NTD etc.)								
Other								
- Equity								
Stocks incorporating derivatives								
Warrants								
- Equity								
- Interest rate		x	x	x	x	x	x	
- Foreign exchange		x	x	x	x	x	x	
- Credit								
Subscription warrants								
- Equity								
- Interest rate								
Other								
- EMTNs				x	x	x	x	
- Convertible bonds								
- Contingent convertible bonds (CoCo bonds)								
- Callable or puttable bonds				x	x	x	x	
- Credit-linked notes (CLN)								

- Total return swaps (TRS)

o General description and justification of the use of TRS:

The total return swap (TRS) used is a swap contract on an index consistent with the management objective, for an interim payment indexed to the benchmark money-market rate.

o Types of assets that may be subject to such contracts:

Negotiable debt securities

Bonds

o Information on the underlying strategy and composition of the index or the portfolio:

The TRS used by the Fund are standardised contracts on a bond index, with the aim of hedging or exposing the portfolio to the bond market, or (in the event of an arbitrage strategy) conducting arbitrage transactions aimed at benefiting from market differences.

o Information on counterparties and clarification as to whether or not there is discretionary power:

These TRS are carried out without the counterparty having any discretionary decision-making power or any power over the composition or management of the Fund's portfolio or over the underlying assets of the TRS. The approval of the counterparty is not required for any transaction relating to the Fund's portfolio.

o Criteria determining TRS counterparty selection:

These contracts will be concluded with credit institutions whose registered office is located in an OECD member country and that have a minimum rating of "Investment Grade" or a rating deemed equivalent by the management company.

o Use:

Maximum use: 100%

Expected use: max. 25%

- Counterparty selection criteria:

Counterparties on over-the-counter instruments (over-the-counter derivatives and effective portfolio management techniques) are selected through a specific procedure applied within the management company; the main selection criteria relate to their financial solidity, their expertise in the types of transactions envisaged, the general contractual clauses and specific clauses relating to techniques for mitigating counterparty risk.

- Deposits:

Up to 10% of the Fund's net assets may be in the form of deposits with credit institutions based in a Member State of the European Union or the European Economic Area, with a term of less than 12 months, as a store of cash to be used as needed.

- Cash borrowings:

On an exceptional basis, with the aim of investing in anticipation of a market rise or on a temporary basis as part of managing large redemptions, the fund manager may borrow cash up to the value of 10% of the net assets from the custodian.

- Temporary purchases and sales of securities:

Types of transactions:

- repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements in compliance with the French Monetary and Financial Code
- securities lending in compliance with the French Monetary and Financial Code

Types of trades:

They shall mainly aim to allow:

- the adjustment of the breakdown of sensitivity on the curve
- curve arbitrages
- the investment of cash

These transactions shall be conducted in strict adherence to a sensitivity range of between 5 and 15.

Types of assets that may be subject to such transactions:

- Negotiable debt securities
- Bonds

Level of use envisaged and authorised:

- Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements:
 - o Maximum use: 100% of net assets,
 - o Expected use: approximately 5% of net assets.
- Securities lending:
 - o Maximum use: 100% of net assets
 - o Expected use: approximately 5% of net assets.

For further information on the conditions of remuneration from temporary sales and purchases of securities, please refer to the section on "Charges and fees".

As the UCITS may use derivatives and securities with embedded derivatives and may borrow cash, as well as use transactions involving temporary purchases and sales of securities, the portfolio's total level of exposure will not exceed 200% of net assets.

Information relating to the UCITS' financial guarantees:

The GROUPAMA GLOBAL INFLATION LINKED UCITS complies with the investment rules for collateral that are applicable to UCITS funds and does not apply specific criteria in addition to these rules.

The UCITS may receive securities (such as corporate bonds and/or government bonds) or cash collateral in the context of temporary purchases and sales of securities and derivatives transactions traded over the counter. The collateral received and its diversification will comply with the investment restrictions applicable to the UCITS.

Only the cash collateral received will be reused, via reinvestment in accordance with the rules applicable to the UCITS.

All of these assets received as collateral must be issued by high-quality, liquid, diversified issuers with low volatility that are not an entity of the counterparty or its group.

These assets received as collateral will be retained by the custodian of the UCITS on specific accounts. Management of margin calls will be undertaken on a daily basis.

The discounts applied to collateral received take into account the credit quality, the price volatility of the securities and the result of stress tests carried out in accordance with the regulatory provisions.

The level of collateral and the discount policy are determined in accordance with the regulations in force.

Risk profile:

- Capital risk:
Investors will be exposed to the risk of not recovering the full amount of the capital they invest, since the UCITS does not offer any capital guarantee.
 - o Interest-rate risk:
Bondholders remain exposed to the real yield curve risks of the various countries in which the UCITS invests. Indeed, bond investors may experience negative performance due to interest rate fluctuations. Generally, the prices of securities held in the portfolio rise when interest rates fall, and fall when interest rates rise.
In a portfolio made up of inflation-indexed assets, the indexing clause allows bondholders to protect themselves from unfavourable changes in inflation. As such, investors' capital is shielded from inflation over the holding period.
- Credit risk:
In the event of default or of a downgrading of the credit quality of issuers, for example a downward re-rating by the financial rating agencies, the value of the bonds in which the UCITS is invested will fall, causing the UCITS' net asset value to fall.
- Risk linked to the use of high-yield speculative securities:
As the UCITS may invest in high-yield speculative securities, which are securities with a low rating, the risk of a fall in the Fund's net asset value may be higher. Investment in such speculative securities may increase the Fund's overall exposure to credit risk.
- Risk associated with the use of derivative financial instruments:
The use of derivative financial instruments for hedging or substitution of securities does not create additional risk as the interest rate risk associated with such derivatives is fully accounted for in the portfolio's overall sensitivity range.
A derivative instrument may also expose the strategy to a specific component not systematically taken into account in the sensitivity range such as inflation expectations. Nevertheless, derivative exposure is limited to a 100% commitment of the UCITS' net assets.
- Liquidity risk associated with securities financing transactions:
In the event that a counterparty defaults on a securities financing transaction, this risk will apply to collateral by way of the sale of securities received.
- Risks associated with securities financing transactions, total return swaps and the management of financial collateral:
The use of temporary purchases and sales of securities and total return swaps may increase or reduce the net asset value of the Fund.
The risks associated with these transactions and with the management of collateral are credit risk, counterparty risk and liquidity risk, as defined above. Furthermore, the operational or legal risks are very limited due to the appropriateness of the operating process, the custody of collateral received by the custodian of the UCITS and the supervision of this type of operation through framework agreements concluded with each counterparty.
Finally, the risk of collateral reuse is very limited since only cash collateral is reused in accordance with the regulations relating to UCITS.
- Counterparty risk:
Counterparty risk exists and is associated with the conclusion of over-the-counter financial contracts or the temporary purchase and sale of securities. It consists of assessing the risks for an entity in terms of its commitments to the counterparty with which the agreement relating to these transactions has been concluded. It therefore refers to the risk that the counterparty may default, causing it to default on payment. This risk is, however, limited by the provision of collateral.
 - o Exchange rate risk:
The portfolio is hedged against exchange rate risk, but up to 10% of the Fund's net assets may be exposed to it.
- Sustainability risks:
Sustainability risks are taken into account during decision-making as follows:
 - Major ESG Risks list: this list comprises companies whose ESG risks could call into question their economic and financial viability, or could have a significant impact on the company's value and brand, thus resulting in a significant fall in market value or a significant downgrade by rating agencies. The securities on this list are excluded.
 - Fossil fuel policy: the purpose of this policy is to reduce the exposure of the UCITS to climate risks, whether these be physical risks or transitional risks. In order to limit these risks, a stock exclusion list has been defined according to the criteria set out in Groupama AM's general policy, available at www.groupama-am.com. These securities are subject to exclusion or non-reinvestment as detailed in our Fossil Fuel Policy.
 - Controversial weapons exclusion policy: this policy applies to companies involved in the production, marketing or distribution of controversial weapons. These stocks cannot be invested in.

There may be several impacts resulting from the emergence of a sustainability risk and they may vary depending on the specific risk, region and asset class. In general, when a sustainability risk occurs for an asset, it will have a negative impact on the asset or cause a total loss in its value.

Guarantee or protection

N/A

Eligible subscribers and typical investor profile

ZA and ZC units: reserved for institutional investors, in particular insurance companies marketing life insurance contracts

NC units: open to all subscribers.

IC units: reserved for institutional investors.

GA units: reserved for companies, subsidiaries and regional mutuals of Groupama ASSURANCES MUTUELLES.

RC units: Reserved for investors subscribing via distributors or intermediaries that provide advisory services (within the meaning of the MiFID II European regulation) or individual portfolio management services under mandate, and that are exclusively remunerated by their clients.

OSA and OAA units: reserved for UCIs and mandates managed by Groupama Asset Management or its subsidiaries, and belonging to the Opale and Oxygène ranges.

Minimum initial subscription amount:

ZA and ZC units: one thousandth of a unit

IC units: one thousandth of a unit

NC units: one unit

GA units: €300,000

RC units: one thousandth of a unit

OSA and OAA units: one thousandth of a unit

The GROUPAMA GLOBAL INFLATION LINKED mutual fund is aimed at investors seeking an actively managed medium-term portfolio of bonds issued by sovereign or supranational entities.

The recommended investment period is more than three years.

Proportion suitable for investment in the UCITS: all bond investments may be subject to interest rate fluctuations, and private issuers carry a risk of default. The amount that might reasonably be invested in the GROUPAMA INDEX INFLATION MONDE mutual fund should be determined with reference to the investor's personal situation. To determine this, investors should take into consideration their personal wealth, their needs at the present time and over the next three years and the level of risk they are willing to accept.

Investors are also advised to diversify their investments sufficiently to avoid being exposed exclusively to the risks of this UCITS.

Investment diversification: this should be achieved by investing in different classes of assets (money market instruments, bonds and equities) and in specific sectors and different geographical regions so as to spread risks more effectively and optimise portfolio management by taking market trends into account.

Methods for determining and allocating distributable income

The UCITS is a multi-class fund:

ZA and GA units: accumulation and/or distribution. Option to pay interim dividends. Option to carry forward earnings in full or in part.

ZC, IC, NC and RC units: accumulation.

OSA and OAA units: accumulation and/or distribution and/or carried forward (in full or in part). Option to pay interim dividends.

Characteristics of the units

	Initial net asset value	Base currency	Fractioning
GA unit	10,000 EUR	EUR	One-thousandth of a unit
IC unit	10,000 EUR	EUR	One-thousandth of a unit
NC unit	EUR 500	EUR	One-thousandth of a unit
OAA unit	EUR 1,000	EUR	One-thousandth of a unit
OSA unit	EUR 1,000	EUR	One-thousandth of a unit
RC unit	EUR 500	EUR	One-thousandth of a unit
ZA unit	EUR 1,000	EUR	One ten-thousandth of a unit
ZC unit	1,000 EUR	EUR	One ten-thousandth of a unit

Subscription and redemption procedures

Subscription and redemption requests are cleared and received by CACEIS Bank on each business day until 11:00 am:

- at CACEIS Bank,
- o and at Groupama Asset Management for pure registered units.

They are executed on an unknown net asset value basis with settlement on D+2 Euronext Paris.

Investors are reminded that, when sending instructions to marketing agents other than the organisations indicated above, they must take into account that the cut-off time for clearing orders imposed by CACEIS Bank also applies to these marketing agents. Consequently, such marketing agents may stipulate their own cut-off time, which may precede the cut-off time mentioned above, so that instructions can be sent to CACEIS Bank on time.

The UCITS' net asset value is calculated every trading day except for official French public holidays. The reference calendar is that of the Paris Stock Exchange. The net asset value may be obtained from the offices of Groupama Asset Management.

Orders are executed in accordance with the table below:

D	D	D: NAV calculation date	D+1 business day	D+2	D+2
Clearing of subscription orders before 11:00 a.m. ¹	Clearing of redemption orders before 11:00 a.m. ¹	Execution of the order no later than D	Publication of the net asset value	Settlement of subscriptions	Settlement of redemptions

Units may be subscribed or redeemed:

- in exact amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit for ZA and ZC classes.
 - in exact amounts or in thousandths of a unit for IC, NC, OSA, OAA and GA classes.
- The full redemption of the units may only be carried out in amounts.

Provision of redemption caps or gates:

Groupama Asset Management may implement gates to allow redemption requests from UCITS unitholders to be spread over several net asset values if they exceed a certain level, determined objectively.

- Description of the method used:
UCITS unitholders are reminded that the threshold for triggering gates corresponds to the relationship between:
 - o the difference recorded, on a single clearing date, between the number of UCITS units for which redemption is requested, or the total amount of these redemptions, and the number of UCITS units for which subscription is requested, or the total amount of these subscriptions; and
 - o the net assets or the total number of UCITS units.

If the UCITS has several unit classes, the triggering threshold of the procedure will be the same for all UCITS unit classes. The threshold above which the gates may be triggered is justified by the frequency at which the net asset value of the UCITS is calculated, its management orientation and the liquidity of the assets it holds. This is set at 5% of the net assets of the UCITS and applies to redemptions cleared for all UCITS assets and not specifically to the UCITS unit classes. When the redemption requests exceed the threshold for triggering gates, Groupama Asset Management may decide to honour redemption requests beyond the set cap, and to execute in part or in full those orders which might be blocked. The maximum duration of the application of the gates is fixed at the equivalent of 20 net asset values for 3 months.

- Methods of providing information to unitholders:
In the event the gates mechanism is activated, all UCITS unitholders will be informed by any means, through the website of Groupama Asset Management, www.groupama-am.com. UCITS unitholders whose orders have not been executed will be informed as quickly as possible in a specific way.
- Processing of non-executed orders:
Redemption orders will be executed in the same proportions for UCITS unitholders who have requested redemption since the last clearing date. For non-executed orders, these will be automatically carried over to the next net asset value and will not have priority over the new redemption orders placed for execution on the basis of the next net asset value. In any case, redemption orders which are not executed and are automatically carried over may not be revoked by UCITS unitholders.
- Example illustrating the system that has been partially set up:
For example, if the total redemption orders for UCITS units is 10% while the triggering threshold is set at 5% of the net assets, Groupama Asset Management may decide to honour redemption orders up to 7.5% of the net assets (and therefore execute 75% of redemption orders as opposed to 50% if the 5% cap was strictly applied).

Swing pricing mechanism:

Groupama Asset Management has chosen to implement a swing pricing mechanism.

Swing pricing is intended to reduce for existing unitholders the portfolio restructuring costs associated with subscriptions or redemptions, by allocating all or part of these costs to the incoming and/or outgoing unitholders. Its use does not exempt the Management Company from its obligations of best execution, liquidity management, asset eligibility and UCI valuation. With the exception of a few minor administrative costs that may be generated by the mechanism's implementation, the use of swing pricing does not generate additional costs for the UCITS: the mechanism only results in a change in cost allocation between unitholders.

The swing pricing method allows the net asset value of each unit class in the UCITS to be adjusted using a swing factor. This swing factor thus represents an estimate of the differences between the supply and demand of assets in which the UCITS invests along with a potential estimate of the various associated transaction costs, taxes and expenses borne by the UCITS when buying and/or selling underlying assets. The triggering threshold and the extent of the swing of the net asset value of each unit class in the UCITS are specific to the UCITS and are reviewed at a quarterly Swing Price Committee meeting. This committee may change the parameters of the swing pricing mechanism at any time, particularly in the event of a crisis on the financial markets.

The management company determines whether it should adopt a partial swing or a full swing. In the event of a partial swing, the net asset value of each unit class in the UCITS will be revised upwards or downwards when net subscriptions or redemptions exceed a certain threshold as determined by the management company

¹ Unless you have agreed to a specific deadline with your financial institution. ”
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(the "Swing Threshold"). In the case of a full swing, no swing threshold will be applied. The swing factor will have the following effects on subscriptions and redemptions:

1. When, for a given Valuation Day, a UCITS is in a net subscription situation (i.e. in terms of value, subscriptions exceed redemptions) (above the Swing Threshold, where applicable), the net asset value of each unit class of the UCITS will be revised upwards using the swing factor; and
2. When, for a given Valuation Day, a UCITS is in a net redemption situation (i.e. in terms of value, redemptions exceed subscriptions) (above the swing threshold, where applicable), the net asset value of each unit class in the UCITS will be revised downwards using the swing factor.

When applying the swing pricing method, the volatility of the net asset value of each unit class may not reflect the real performance of the portfolio (and thus, where applicable, may differ from the UCITS' benchmark index).

Charges and fees

The Management Company is required to pay a share of the UCI's management fees as remuneration to intermediaries such as investment firms, insurance companies, management companies, marketing intermediary structurers, distributors or distribution platforms with which an agreement has been signed in connection with distribution work, UCI unit investment or relations with other investors. This remuneration is variable and depends on the terms of the business relationship with the intermediary. This remuneration may be flat-rate or calculated on the basis of the net assets subscribed as a result of the intermediary's work. In accordance with the applicable regulations, each intermediary will provide clients with any useful information on costs and fees and its remuneration.

- Subscription and redemption fees

Subscription fees increase the subscription price paid by the investor, while redemption fees reduce the redemption price. Fees paid to the UCITS are used to compensate the UCITS for the expenses incurred in the investment or divestment of its assets. The remaining fees accrue to the management company, marketing agent etc.

Unit class	Base	Subscription fee not accruing to the UCITS	Subscription fee accruing to the UCITS	Redemption fee not accruing to the UCITS	Redemption fee accruing to the UCITS
GA unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 4%	None	None	None
IC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 3%	None	None	None
NC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 2.75%	None	None	None
OAA unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 4%	None	None	None
OSA unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 4%	None	None	None
RC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 3%	None	None	None
ZA unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 2.75%	None	None	None
ZC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 2.75%	None	None	None

- Operating and management fees:

These fees include all fees charged directly to the UCITS, except for transaction expenses. Transaction costs include intermediary fees (e.g. brokerage fees, RTO, stock market taxes etc.) and any transaction fee that may be charged by the custodian.

The following operating and management fees may also be charged:

- o performance fees. These reward the management company if the UCITS exceeds its objectives. They are therefore charged to the UCITS;

For more information on the ongoing charges charged to the UCITS, refer to the "Fees" section of the Key Information Document (KID)

GA unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets	Maximum rate: 0.6% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

IC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.7% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

NC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 1.4% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

OAA unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets	Maximum rate: 0.1% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	10% of the outperformance of the Bloomberg Global Inflation Linked Total Return (euro hedged), net dividends reinvested

OSA unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets	Maximum rate: 0.1% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

RC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.8% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

ZA unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.7% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

ZC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Base	Rate/rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.7% incl. tax
Operating fees and other service fees (fees for registering and listing funds, custodian fees, audit fees, taxation, fees related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs etc.)	Net assets	Rates: 0.12% incl. tax
Maximum indirect fees (management fees and charges)	Net assets	Not significant
Transaction fee accruing to the custodian, CACEIS BANK	Deducted from each transaction	Transferable securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. tax OTC product: from €10 to €150* incl. tax depending on complexity
Performance fee	Net assets	None

Operating fees and other service fees: in the case of a flat fee, the actual operating fees and other service fees could be higher than the maximum authorised flat rate, in which case the management company will bear the excess.

Indirect costs: specified if the UCIs held in the portfolio account for more than 20%, otherwise not significant.

Any exceptional legal costs related to recovery of the UCITS' receivables may be added to the fees detailed above.

The portfolio's management strategy may benefit from third-party research services borne by the UCITS.

The contribution to the AMF will also be borne by the UCITS.

Income from transactions involving the temporary purchase and sale of securities accrues to the UCITS. Charges, costs and fees in respect of these transactions are charged by the custodian and paid by the UCITS.

Principles applicable to performance fees:

- General principles:

The performance fee is provisioned on each net asset value calculation date and charged upon calculation of the final NAV (net asset value) for each financial year.

The calculation method used is the "daily variation" model, which seeks to adjust the total provisioned balance when each NAV is calculated, based on the UCITS' performance vis-à-vis the benchmark index since the previous NAV.

A benchmark asset is determined at each valuation of the UCITS. It represents the UCITS' assets restated for subscription/redemption amounts and valued on the basis of the performance of the benchmark index since the most recent valuation.

Where the UCITS' valued assets, net of any fees, have outperformed the benchmark asset since the most recent NAV, an amount representing this difference to which the performance fee mentioned in the fee table is applied will be added to the balance provisioned for performance fees. On the contrary, where the benchmark asset outperforms the UCITS' assets between two NAV calculation dates, a write-back of the same percentage of the difference between the valued assets and the benchmark assets will be made. The total provisioned balance cannot be negative, so write-backs are capped at the value of existing provisions. Nevertheless, a theoretical negative balance will be noted so that future variable fees will only be provisioned once the underperformance recorded has been completely offset.

For redemptions, the portion of the provision for variable management fees corresponding to the number of units redeemed accrues in full to the management company.

In the event that no performance fee has been provisioned by the end of a reference period due to an underperformance vis-à-vis the benchmark index, the reference period will be extended to the following financial year with provision amounts calculated in the same way. Performance fees will therefore be provisioned in the new financial year only if past underperformance has been completely offset.

After five years without a performance fee (overall underperformance over five years), the calculation mechanism no longer takes into account uncompensated underperformance before the five years, as illustrated in the second table below.

Unless otherwise specified, the only criteria for calculating performance fees is a positive relative performance of the UCITS compared to the benchmark index. Therefore, it is possible that performance fees may be paid even in the case of negative absolute performance.

As an exception, certain units are subject to a positivity constraint. In such cases, performance fees are only charged if the UCITS' performance is positive. This means, in particular, that no performance fee may be charged in the case of a negative performance of the unit over the reference period.

- Figure 1: General operation

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Performance of the Fund units	10%	5%	-7%	6%	3%
Performance of the benchmark index	5%	4%	-3%	4%	0%
Out/under-performance	5%	1%	-4%	2%	3%
Cumulative performance of the Fund over the observation period	10%	5%	-7%	-1%	2%
Cumulative performance of the benchmark index over the observation period	5%	4%	-3%	1%	1%
Cumulative out/under-performance over the observation period	5%	1%	-4%	-2%	1%
Fee charged?	Yes	Yes	No, because the UCITS has underperformed compared to the benchmark index	No, because the UCITS has underperformed over the entirety of the current observation period, which began in year 3	Yes
Start of a new observation period?	Yes, a new observation period begins in year 2	Yes, a new observation period begins in year 3	No, the observation period is extended to cover years 3 and 4	No, the observation period is extended to cover years 3, 4 and 5	Yes, a new observation period begins in year 6

- Figure 2: How uncompensated performance is handled beyond year 5

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Performance of the Fund units	0%	5%	3%	6%	1%	5%
Performance of the benchmark index	10%	2%	6%	0%	1%	1%
A: Out/under-performance for the current year	-10%	3%	-3%	6%	0%	4%
B1: Year 1 uncompensated underperformance carryforward	N/A	-10%	-7%	-7%	-1%	Out of scope
B2: Year 2 uncompensated underperformance carryforward	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	0%	0%
B3: Year 3 uncompensated underperformance carryforward	N/A	N/A	N/A	-3%	-3%	-3%
B4: Year 4 uncompensated underperformance carryforward	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0%	0%
B5: Year 5 uncompensated underperformance carryforward	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0%
Out/under-performance observation period	-10% (A)	-7% (A + B1)	-10% (A + B1 + B2)	-4% (A + B1 + B2 + B3)	-4% (A + B1 + B2 + B3 + B4)	1% (A + B2 + B3 + B4 + B5)
Fee charged?	No	No	No	No	No	Yes

Further details about the method for calculating variable management fees are available from Groupama Asset Management.

- Selection of intermediaries:

Fund managers have a list of authorised brokers. A Broker Committee meets every six months to assess fund managers' evaluations of brokers and the entire value-added chain (analysts, middle office etc.), as well as to propose the inclusion of new brokers and/or the exclusion of others.

Based on their expertise, each Fund manager reports on the following criteria:

- o Quality of order execution prices,
- o Liquidity offered,
- o Broker longevity,
- o Quality of analysis etc.

- Tax system:

Note: Depending on your tax system, capital gains and income resulting from ownership of the UCITS's units may be subject to tax.

We recommend that you seek advice on this subject from your tax advisor.

Switching from one unit class to another is treated as a sale and may be subject to capital gains tax.

4. Commercial information

Information relating to the Fund may be obtained by writing to:

Groupama Asset Management
25 rue de la Ville-l'Évêque, 75008 Paris, France
or from the website: <http://www.groupama-am.com>

The net asset values of the UCITS' units are available from www.groupama-am.com or on request.

The latest annual and interim documents are available to unitholders on request from:

Groupama Asset Management
25 rue de la Ville-l'Évêque, 75008 Paris, France

Subscription and redemption requests are cleared by CACEIS Bank at the following address:

CACEIS Bank
89-91 rue Gabriel Péri, 92120 Montrouge, France

Information on environmental, social and governance quality criteria (ESG)

Further information regarding the way the management company takes ESG criteria into account is available in the UCITS' annual report and on the website of the management company Groupama Asset Management (www.groupama-am.com).

5. Investment rules

The UCITS complies with the regulatory ratios applicable to UCITS, as defined by the French Monetary and Financial Code.

The UCITS makes use of the exemption provided for in article R214-21, IV, 1° of the French Monetary and Financial Code: it invests more than 35% of its assets in securities guaranteed by the US, the UK, France and Italy.

6. Overall risk

The overall risk of this UCITS is determined using the commitment approach.

7. Asset valuation and accounting rules

The UCITS complies with the accounting rules prescribed by current regulations, in particular those applying to UCIs.

The base accounting currency is the euro.

7.1 Valuation methods

Securities traded on a French or foreign regulated market, including ETFs

- Securities traded in the eurozone:
=> Last price on the valuation day.

For fixed-income products, the management company reserves the right to use consensus prices when these are more representative of the trading value.

International securities denominated in currencies other than the euro are converted into euro at the exchange rate in Paris on the valuation day.

Securities for which a price has not been calculated on the valuation day are valued at the last officially published price. Securities for which the price has been adjusted are valued at their likely trading price, as determined by the UCI's manager or the management company.

UCI shares and securities

Units or shares of UCIs are valued at their last known net asset value.

Negotiable debt securities

Negotiable debt securities (short-term and medium-term, bills issued by financial institutions, bills issued by specialist financial institutions) are valued according to the following rules:

- on the basis of the actual market price;
- in the absence of a meaningful market price, by applying an actuarial method, where the benchmark rate is that of issues of equivalent securities plus, where applicable, a difference representing the intrinsic characteristics of the security issuer.

Over-the-counter transactions

Transactions agreed on over-the-counter markets and authorised by the regulations applicable to UCIs are valued at their market value.

Futures and options transactions

- Futures contracts on derivatives markets are valued at the day's settlement price.
- Options on derivatives markets are valued at the day's closing price.

Temporary acquisitions and sales of securities

- Temporary acquisitions of securities
Securities received under repurchase agreements or borrowed securities are entered in the long portfolio under "Receivables representing securities received under repurchase agreements or borrowed securities" at the amount provided for in the contract, plus interest receivable.
- Temporary sales of securities
Securities sold under repurchase agreements or loaned securities are entered in the portfolio and valued at their current value.
The debt representing securities transferred under repurchase agreements (such the debt representing loaned securities) is entered in the selling portfolio at the value set in the contract plus accrued interest. On settlement, the interest received or paid is recognised as income from receivables.
- Collateral and margin calls
Collateral received is valued at the market price (mark-to-market).
Daily fluctuation margins are calculated using the difference between the valuation at market price of collateral provided and the valuation at market price of collateralised instruments.

Valuation methods for off-balance-sheet commitments:

- Futures contracts are valued at nominal value x quantity x settlement price x (currency).
- Options contracts are valued at their underlying equivalent.
- Swaps

Asset-backed or non-asset-backed swaps

Commitment = nominal value + valuation of the fixed-rate leg (if fixed/variable) or the variable-rate leg (if variable/fixed) at the market price.

Other swaps

Commitment = nominal value + market value (if the UCI has adopted a synthetic valuation method).

7.2 Method used to recognise income from fixed-income securities

Accrued interest method.

7.3 Method used to recognise expenses

Transactions are accounted for exclusive of costs.

8. Remuneration

Details of the updated remuneration policy are available on the Groupama Asset Management website at www.groupama-am.com
